



RecipeScape: An Interactive Tool for Analyzing Cooking Instructions at Scale

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"The proportion of ingredients is important, but the final result is also a matter of **how you put them together.**"

- Alain Ducasse, during an Interview with "the Independent" August 2013

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Process = "Cooking Structure"





























Understanding the <u>cooking processes</u> = <u>cooking structures</u> is a crucial task





<u>naturally crowdsourced</u> processes toward a shared goal, like "making a chocolate chip cookie"



















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- 2. Finding a unified framework that captures "cooking structure" for text instructions in diverse contexts and styles

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- 2. Finding a unified framework that captures "cooking structure" for text instructions in diverse contexts and styles
- 3. Build an interactive system based on 1. and 2.

Interviewed 11 cooking professionals

Professional chefs (Restaurant Jung/Shinsegae Food, McDonald's)

Patissier (Dore Dore)

Food business researchers (SNU Food Business Lab)

Cooking journalists (LaMain, Hankyoreh)

Recipe website managers (Naver Food)

Interviewed 11 cooking professionals

3 Analytics Needs + 3 Design Goals

N1: Atomic: ingredients, cooking actions





N1: Atomic:

"What are some unusual ingredients?" "What are some common cooking actions?"

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N2: Procedural: cooking structure



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N2: Procedural

"What's a standard recipe?" "How is recipe A different from recipe B?"

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D2. provide analysis for structural comparison of recipes to examine each recipes, the representative, outliers recipes

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N3: Aggregate: collection of recipes



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"How standardized is this dish?"

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D3. provide (various) clusters of recipes to examine fundamental similarities and differences

RecipeScape



RecipeState



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RecipeState



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RecipeState



















RecipeDeckø









RecipeDeckø



RecipeDecko



Temporal usages pattern of top 10 cookingingredients / actions

RecipeStat₀









Tends to start from an already prepared dough









Cookies are final results usually

end

Bake early, decorate, or use cookies in other dishes

Tends to make dough, and rest



Computational Pipeline

Collected recipe texts



RecipeScape









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Stir in remaining 6 tablespoons corn syrup and vanilla.

Recipe Text Stir in remaining 6 tablespoons corn syrup and vanilla.

Part-Of-Speech TagStanford
CoreNLPStir in remaining 6 tablespoons corn syrup and vanilla.
NNP INJJCDNNNNNNNN

Verb = cooking action Noun = ingredient



Cooking Action	
Ingredient	
3 Cancel	

Machine assisted human annotation

Press Enter or click submit to proceed

Granola and Dried Cranberry Chocolate Chip Cookies



Stir in remaining 6 tablespoons corn syrup and vanilla.

Part-Of-Speech TagStanford
CoreNLPStir in remaining 6 tablespoons corn syrup and vanilla.
NNP INJJJJCDNNNNNNNNNN

Human Annotation

fix merge / / approve Stir in remaining 6 tablespoons corn syrup and vanilla. Cooking Action Ingredients Ingredients

How much did it help? \rightarrow A LOT

Total 214,109 tokens

- 1) 27,879 verbs tagged by the Stanford CoreNLP's Part-of-Speech tagger
 → 14,988 were cooking actions confirmed by human annotators
 → only 54% are relevant to cooking
- 2) 9,987 cooking actions not captured by Part-of-Speech tagger \rightarrow 40% of total cooking actions













Similarity Comparison \rightarrow Tree Edit Distance

How many times do I have to either "add a node", "delete a node", or "replace a node" to



"Structural similarity"

Similarity Comparison \rightarrow Tree Edit Distance

How many times do I have to either "add a node", "delete a node", or "replace a node" to



"semantic similarity"

replacing "mix" with "add" vs *replacing "fry" with "whisk"* should NOT be treated the same!

replacing "sugar" with "corn syrup" vs *replacing "flour" with "pepperoni"* should NOT be treated the same!

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"semantic similarity"

replacing "mix" with "add" vs replacing "fry" with "whisk" should NOT be treated the same!

 \rightarrow Weigh the replacing operations by the similarities in meaning of words in cooking context (word embedding space of 1M cooking recipes)

Finally,

We calculate both structural + semantic similarities for every pair of recipes

plot them on RecipeMap

use hierarchical clustering to group them



Some Key Findings

How does RecipeScape broaden browsing and analysis capabilities?



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"Recipes in this cluster probably do not use any eggs and probably involve baking in the later stages."

"These are the recipes for more crispy cookies. You use water so the ingredients don't stick as much, resulting in crispy cookies."

"These recipes with adding salt at the last stages are the professional ones. We do that to bring out the sweet taste with your first spoon"



"I find recipes in the usual text format hard to visualize the process ... But this tree diagram summarizes the process very well, I can easily picture the cooking process."

What's now possible?

Easy at-scale exploration

 \rightarrow ALL recipes at your fingertips in the context to one another



What's now possible?

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 \rightarrow all recipes at your fingertips

User centered queries

 \rightarrow "what are recipes with more decorations?"

Pick me!



What's now possible?

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 \rightarrow all recipes at your fingertips

User centered queries

 \rightarrow "what are recipes with more decorations?"

Support for creativity

 \rightarrow "where would my recipe stand against the rest?" \rightarrow easy to spot exotic/creative recipes



Let's put this into perspective.

1)

INGREDIENTS Sugar, Peanuts, Corn Syrup, Cocoa Butter, Fractionated Palm Kernel Oil, Chocolate Liquor, Whole Milk Powder, Non Fat Dry Milk, Whey Powder, Soy Lecithin, Cocoa Powder, Butter, Cocoard Example Medified Son Protoin



Stronger analytical capabilities

1)

2)

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Stronger analytical capabilities

Clusters: selectall Clusters: selectall Clusters: selectall Clusters: selectall





Interpretations Explanations

"Sensemaking"

What's next











How to Cook Pasta Perfectly: Here's Everything You Need to Know











Top 12 Korean dishes preferred by foreigners

- (rice mixed with vegetables and red pepper paste)
- 2. Gimbap (dried seaweed rolls)
- 3. Hobakjuk (pumpkin porridge)
- 4. Naengmyeon (cold noodle soup)
- 5. Samgyetang (whole-chicken ginseng soup)
- 6. Sundubu jjigae (tofu stew)
- 7. Japchae (glass noodles mixed with thinly sliced
- vegetables and meat)
- 8. Galbi (grilled beef ribs) 9. Bulgogi (marinated beef)
- 10. Seafood pajeon (green onion pancakes)
- 12. Hobak tteok (pumpkin rice cake)
 - Source: Institute of Traditional Korean Food

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Ministry of Science, ICT



recipescape.kixlab.org

RecipeStat₀



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User Evaluation Quotes

D1. Provide statistical information about ingredients and cooking actions

- Expert knowledge
 - (on adding salt at the end of cooking pasta) "This is a professional tip that good restaurants use to make the first spoon of pasta taste extra sweet. If you put salt on tomato, it really brings out the sweetness. I'm surprised this hack is captured."
- More user-centered queries
 - (to find cookie recipes with lots of decorations) Participants examined RecipeStat for recipes where "cover" was mostly used in later stages of the recipes

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D2. Provide in-depth examination and comparison of individual recipes

- Easy exploration
 - "We (professional chefs) sometimes start from a specific main ingredient and seek creative interpretations. I find these recipes near the edges (of the RecipeMap) are more exotic."

- Easy imagination/mental simulation

- "I find recipes in the usual text format hard to visualize the process, because the ingredient sections and the instruction sections are separate. But this tree diagram summarizes the process very well, I can easily picture the cooking process."
- Subtle substitutes
 - Pairwise comparison of two neighboring recipes to examine subtle differences in ingredients or cooking actions

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D3. Provide analysis for recipes in aggregate

- Fundamental similarities and differences
 - (on a cluster with both baking soda and baking powder in most used ingre.) "Recipes in this cluster probably do not use any eggs, and probably involve baking in the later stages."
 - (on a cluster with "chill" or "cool") "These are the recipes for more crispy cookies. You use water so the ingredients don't stick as much, resulting crispy cookies. These kind of dough tastes better when you cool them."
 - (on a cluster with "salted water" instead of just water) "I would trust the recipes in this cluster more than the other ones. The fact that people described salted water, not just water, implies the instructions are more friendly and detailed."

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Contribution

Contribution 1

Clarification of analytics needs and challenges

Contribution 2

RecipeScape - the analytics interface

Contribution 3

Computational Pipeline

In-depth need analysis with 9 high profile professionals in diverse cooking related fields



Supports analytic need of diverse professionals in cooking related fields

That converts naturally crowdsourced unstructured text into graphical representation suitable for analytics





Formative Study



Special/Outlier	Common /			
Detection	Crowd-derived into	Expert derived into	Statistical (distributional) Info	Ingridient based into
(M) special ingredient	(SE) Simple "golden recipe"	(R) use only "expert" recipes	(M) How much variation is possible for this food	(J) special sauce
(M) special process	(SE) Most similar recipe to what I know	(M) verified recipes, ie. expert generated, cook books. etc.	(M) different names for the same food	(J) special ingredient
(M) creative	(SE) "standard" recine	(J) who's this recipe for? complexity of instructions, length	(SE) show between cluster differences	(M) Influence of ingredients on recipes
(SE) uncommon visual	(I) practical & easy recipe	instructions, longer	(OE) show between cluster differences	(M) search for substitutes
(SE) uncommon recipe with common ingredients	(b) practical a casy recipe			(J) easy substitutes
trick & back	Categorization criteria	execution (instruction	mistakos	trend (time dimension)
LITCK & HACK	(N) constraint identification (for how	Daseuj	mistakes	trend (time dimension)
(M) hack, trick, incorrect method detection	many people, base sauce, time, substitutes)	(SE) parallel scheduling when cooking multiple food	(R) self fixing & correction	(J) historical evolution / temporal dynamics
(M) how prevalent is a particular "hack"?	(R) user-rating & reaction based ranking	(M) execution is difficult to replicate	(SE) fail-proof trustworthy recipe	(M) emerging food or ingredient
	(SE) categorization per situation & taste	(M) substitute cooking action	(M) correct vs misinformation	(M) tracking trends of the dish
	(J) origial vs trendy recipes		(M) common mistakes & pitfalls	(J) trend, birds-eye-view
	(J) tool use (ie. onion in wok vs pan)			(M) next hot superfood
	(SE) situation based search (christmas, alone, guest)			
	(SE) focus on preparing techniques only			
	(J) inter difficulty, complexity> simple 5 star rating not enough			
	(J) use 5 basic tastes to categorize recipes, relative proportion of the 5 tastes			
	(J) taste map			
other application	practical problems	cultural info		
(SE) tag recommendation based on recipe content	(SE) blogs: life + recipe combined > parsing is hard	(J) cluster of cultural influences		
(R) image to recipe, reverse	(R) mismatch between cooking expertise vs willingness to share	(SE) demographics of the author		
(M) photo> recipe				

CHI 2017 LBW

understanding <u>collective human practices</u>

- 1. Can we find out the most common/uncommon ingredient, cooking action? YES
- 2. Can we find out the "standard" recipe? YES
- 3. Can we find out some outlier recipes? YES
- 4. Can we find out fundamentally different ways of "making a pizza"? Partly

Cultural Analytics

Longitudinal Study

how individual entities evolve, influence with time





"Cross-sectional"

what's the current state of the world



Let's put this in a perspective,

"procedural structure" is a good metric / protocol for describing instructions on top of "list of features", ex) list of ingredients

It expands your ability compare and analyze instructions at large scale

How do we mine implicit "procedural structure"?

- Task specific features, ex) cooking verbs and ingredients

Interface components on the three levels \rightarrow Clustering around the "structure", but with other two components (Deck + Stat) gives you more explainability and interpretability, not just from the algorithms, but also from user's exploration and browsing activities

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